was calculated. grazing, have more diffuse effects exerted unevenly across the sagebrush biome and could not be included in this analysis. Two Table 13.1. Summary of influences across the range-wide distribution of greater sage-grouse and sagebrush habitats. Only influences buffer sizes were considered, based on ranges reported in literature sources; the high value was reported when only one buffer size for which we could develop a spatial estimate of area of influence were included in the summary. Other influences, such as livestock

Urban development Landfills Interstates/highways <sup>e</sup> All roads	Cropland Irrigation canals Urban	"Natural" Disturbance Fires (1990-present) Shrub brown out Agriculture	Sagebrush Area <sup>c</sup>		
1981 196 14,272 159,279	248,975 6,916	79,755 2,544	481,384	Total Area (km²)	
0.1 >0.1 1.0 7.7	12.1 0.3	3.9 0.1	21.6	Conservation Assessment Area <sup>b</sup> (%)	
6.9 km 2.5/6.9 km 7 km 2.5/6.9 km	$2.5/6.9 \text{ km}^{d}$ 2.5/6.9  km			Buffer Size (low/high)	
22,650 1,768,793	740,760 193,175			Low	Effective Area <sup>a</sup> (km <sup>2</sup> )
75,191 137,954 841,927 1,912,463	1,152,157 462,146			High	
1.1	35.8 9.3			Low	Area of Influence Conservation Assessment Area (%)
3.6 6.7 40.6 92.3	55.6 22.3	0.1		High	ation at Area
1.0 95.1	23.7 8.2			Low	Sagebrush Area
2.1 6.1 37.2 99.6	48.5 23.2	0.2		High	sh Area

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Cumulative Total  Low Influence  High influence	Rest Areas 8 Campgrounds 84	Wind energy 55,354  Military Training Installations/training 26,043  Recreation	Energy Development  Oil/gas wells <sup>f</sup> Pipelines <sup>g</sup> 2,790  Wind annual 25 25 4	Railroads 137 Powerlines 15,296 Communication towers 95
	<0.1	1.7	0.1	>0.1 1.0 >0.1
	2.5/6.9 2.5/6.9	5 km	3 km 1 km	3 km 5/6.9 km 3.2 km
2,027,516	5,313 46,143	383,705	393,744 116,571	183,915 672,344
2,057,209	94,396 238,811			183,915 837,390 99,135
98.2	0.3 2.2			32.5
99.7	4.6 11.5	1.3	19.0 5.6	40.4 4.8
99.5	0.2			32.4
99.9	4.4 7.3	14.9	21.0 6.9	6.1 40.3 3.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Effective area was the total area of the individual effect plus the area included surrounding in the buffer zone.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>The total area included in the Conservation Assessment Study Area was 2,062,872 km<sup>2</sup> (Chapter 1).

<sup>°(</sup>Comer et al. 2002, this study) (Chapter 1). Sagebrush area in the eastern portion of the Conservation Study area, including Montana, North Dakota, and South Dakota are likely underrepresented (Chapter 1, 5).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Range of foraging areas for nonbreeding common raven (*Corvus corax*) (Boarman and Heinrich 1999).

<sup>\*</sup>Buffer value determined from this study of I-80 (Chapter 13).

Effective distance of influence of oil/gas construction activities on sage-grouse nesting (Lyon and Anderson 2003).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup>Distance for spread of invasive plant species away from road disturbance (Gelbard and Belnap 2003).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>h</sup>Percent of potential area in high category